Plan Submittal Form

Address: 3 Chestart Ridge WAY
Application #:
Project: Stucco
Name: Vincent Clare
Email: VINNY O Designicontrators corp. Com
Phone: 347 620 - 8/01
Plans attached are being submitted for (check appropriate box):
Building permit application 1 PDF copy & 2 paper copies ¼ scale Amendment to an application or permit, 2 sealed copies Final As Built to close permit, 1 sealed copy Final survey to close permit, 1 sealed copy
Plans attached are submitted at the direction of the Building Inspector for review by the following board (check all that apply):
 □ BOT- 1 PDF copy + 5 paper copies ¼ scale □ PB - 1 PDF copy + 4 paper copies ¼ scale □ ZBA - 1 PDF copy + 4 paper copies ¼ scale □ AHRB - 1 PDF copy + 2 paper copies ¼ scale
Received Stamp:

RECEIVED

MAY 1 5 2023

VILLAGE OF DOBBS FERRY **BUILDING DEPARTMENT**

SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL SCOPE PROJECTS

<u>Definition of a Small Scope Project</u>: The modification of existing structures that do not affect height, bulk, mass, square footage, footprint, or roof structure; including, but not limited to: the construction, reconstruction, replacement or alteration of any elevation, façade, storefront, window, door or fence. This shall also include any freestanding or retaining wall with an exposed face or facade exceeding 30" in height at any place along the wall. Applicant Name: VINCENT Clare Date Filed: hestnut Rudge way Check Application Type (may be more than one): Façade Change ☐ Storefront ☐ Windows and Doors ☐ Fence or Wall **Description of Proposed Work:** Date SiDeing A copy of this completed form is to be included as a cover sheet for submissions to the AHRB. In the table below, please indicate the type of submission by checking the applicable box or boxes indicated. Items denoted • in the column below your project type are the minimum required items for a complete application to the AHRB. Please indicate the type of submission. Please indicate by initialing each box in the appropriate column confirming that the information has been submitted. Do not initial for items if they are not included. The AHRB reserves the right to ask for any additional information as specified on this form, if not included in the initial application, and may deem the application incomplete and not ready for review until this information is included. Resubmissions should reflect all comments made at the previous meeting and should be indicated with a note or a bubble on the plan, and shall include any additional requested information. ← Check Box (or Boxes) Above Appropriate Columns Initial REQUIRED PLAN AND DOCUMENT SUBMISSION **Below** 1 PDF & 2 Paper COPIES OF EACH ITEM (unless otherwise specified) Proof of notification of the AHRB hearing to owners of properties within 200 feet of the subject property by certified mailing in the form of an affidavit as per 300-18 F (One copy only) Photo of subject property showing "Under AHRB Review" sign as per 300-28-G (2). (One copy only) Aerial site location map noting proposed building site and all nearby existing buildings. (Google Maps satellite view may be used.)

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

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	Ø				← Check Box (or Boxes) Above Appropriate Columns PAGE 2	
Initial	Change	Storefront	, Doors	Fence or Wall	REQUIRED PLAN AND DOCUMENT SUBMISSION	
Below •	Façade Change	Sto	Windows & Doors	Fence	1 PDF & 2 Paper COPIES OF EACH ITEM (unless otherwise specified)	
ΛC	•	•	•	•	<u>Detailed</u> design/construction drawings, at a legible and minimum 34" scale, of affected elevations of <u>both</u> existing and proposed conditions.	
VC	•	•	•	•	Material, finish and color schedule is included on submitted plans.	
	•	•	•	•	Specification sheet for each new exterior light fixture.	
	•	•	•	• ;	Specification sheets for each new window, door, fence, etc.	
	•	•	•	•	Provide a note on plan indicating that all exterior lighting shall comply with section 300-41	
•	•	•	•	•	Sections through important elevations.	
	•	•	•	•	Sections through typical trim at a scale to clearly show profiles, trims, corners and their sizes if applicable	
VC	- • !	•	•	•	Photos of all affected sides of existing structure.	
VC	. • ;	•	• ;	•	(One set only) Actual material, finish and color samples to be presented at AHRB meeting.	
\		•	:	•	Site Plan or current Survey	
					·	
				,	Landscape Plan	
		,	\	lo.	-401 AOI	
Applicant Name: VI NCON Lave Signature: Vine Date Date						
By signing this form you are affirming that you have included all the required information listed above.						
Complete application received by the Village of Dobbs Ferry, on behalf of the Dobbs Ferry AHRB by:						
Name					SignatureDate	















Advantages of EIFS

In many markets sustainable building, and in particular energy efficiency in buildings, has become a key benchmark of successful building designs. Today Architects are quick to see the benefits that these sustainable EIFS building systems give. They not only allow designers a very large degree of design flexibility, but also typically generate an excellent Return on Investment (ROI) and provide a compelling cost-to-benefit rationale.

EIFS is ideal as it can be applied to both new and existing buildings. In fact, many older buildings are rejuvenated and given a facelift using Terraco EIFS, because these systems are applied to the exterior of a building, not the interior. Importantly internal living space is not sacrificed - and critically there is no need for occupants to vacate the building while installing the Terraco EIFS, which makes EIFS perfect for renovation work.

One of the largest benefits of EIFS is that it can be used for renovation projects, and with the rising cost of energy in many countries across Europe and Russia, older buildings are now being made energy efficient structures using Terraco EIFS. The same principal can be applied in the Middle East and Australasia to existing buildings, be they hospitals, hotels, commercial centres, shopping malls, warehouses, schools, universities, even a private residence.

The Terraco Group has been pioneering the development and production of Exterior Insulation Finishing Systems since the 1980's. Terraco has numerous international EIFS quality certifications and approvals - EOTA (European), BBA (British Agrément), the US FED Specification Certification, as well as certification from Ireland, Russia, Turkey, China, Korea and the UAE.

The versatility and dusrability of Terraco EIFS makes it ideal for new build as well as renovations projects.

Why use Terraco EIFS?

Because it:

- Has a proven track record
- Comes with a guarantee backed performance
- Is a quality system supported by international certifications
- Substantially reduces the cost of cooling and heating
- Has a proven contribution to Green Building
- Saves non-renewable resources
- Reduces greenhouse gas (Co2) emissions
- Promotes indoor comfort & improved quality of life
- Eliminates condensation on walls and ceilings
- · Enhanced soundproofing
- Has excellent impact resistance
- Allows for cost effective external wall architectural detailing
- Does not require the occupants to vacate during installation
- Does not waste internal living space
- Gives a great return on investment (approximately 5-6 years)

System Detail Review - Ensure that the follow are correctly designed and reviewed prior to commencing installation:

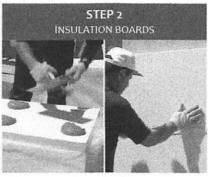
- 1. Window and door reveals
- 2. Parapet capping
- 3. Bottom of walls grade or pavement
- 4. Penetrations gutter down-pipes, fixtures, outlets, signage etc.
- 5. Aesthetic features
- 6. Expansion joints
- 7. Abutments to dissimilar materials
- 8. Roof / wall intersection
- 9. Flashing locations
- 10. Window sills / over-sills
- 11. Roofing

Installation Process

While the installation process shown here relates to a Terarco EIFS Alpha system using EPS (Expanded Polystyrene) insulation boards, the following steps are essentially very similar when using G-EPS, XPS or MW insulation boards. The steps shown here are to information and guideline purposes only.



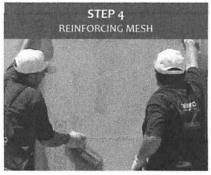
- · Install level line above ground level.
- Use corrosion resistant screws / fasteners.



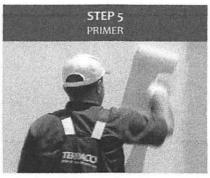
- Apply Terraco Styrofix adhesive using notched trowel or spot method.
- Install boards horizontally, staggering boards. Overlap at substrate joints.



- · Insert once Styrofix adhesive is fully cured.
- Intall sufficient fasteners per m² depending on building height.



- Apply even layer of Styrobond DP ± 1.5-2.0 mm
- Cut mesh to workable lengths and embed into Styrobond DP basecoat. Ensure minimum 10 cm overlap and reinforce corners.
- Apply 2nd coat of Styrobond DP to achieve overall thickness of 3-5 mm.



 Styrobond DP basecoat must have cured a minimum of 72 hours before applying the primer.



- A wide range of textures, colours and finishes are available.
- A clear topcoat (Terracoat Stain or Kode 8) may be required / recommended.

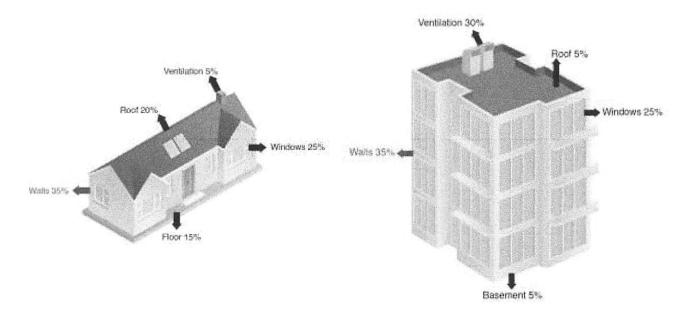
Why should buildings be insulated?

Save our planet!

In many countries today, obligatory energy certification has been introduced which directly influences the market value of the building. A building's operating cost depends very much on its energy performance – the heating / cooling effectiveness and hot water supply. High energy consumption in most cases is caused by excessive heat / cooling loss through a building's walls. How well a building is insulated is seen in the building's annual energy consumption.

Walls are an area subjected to the process of heat / cooling (energy) and moisture migration, as a wall separates the climatic conditions between the inside and outside. Heat always transfers itself from an area of higher temperatures to cooler areas. For example, in the winter heat transfers from the inside to the outside cooler temperatures, and visa versa where in hot climates the cooler typically air conditioned air attracts the outside heat through the wall.

It is not only the walls that are responsible for the escaping heat / cooling loss, but also the roof, ventilation areas such as chimney's, and foundations. The following diagrams clearly show how a buildings external walls contribute to heat / cooling loss.



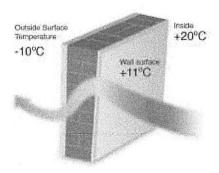
SINGLE FAMILY HOME

MULTI-STORY BUILDING

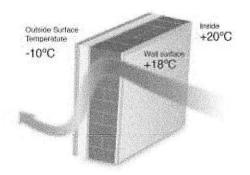
The amount of energy required to maintain a comfortable indoor temperature is much higher in the case of non-insulated walls. In thermally insulated walls the biggest temperature difference appears inside the insulated materials, which then provides good temperature control on the indoor environment.

The following diagrams demonstrate how external walls contribute to total heat loss, regardless of the type of building. Hence the external walls, including cold joints such a balconies etc., need to be insulated by external insulation systems. Terraco EIFS is able to reduce the flow of heat / cooling through the walls.

Cold Climates

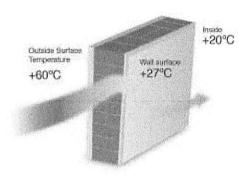


No thermal insulation causes a cooling down of the internal wall surface.

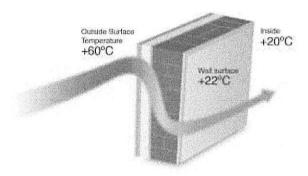


Thermal insulation causes an increase in temperature of the internal wall surface.

Hot Climates



No thermal insulation causes the internal wall surface to heat up.

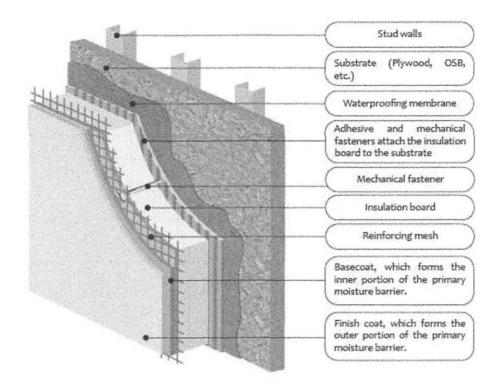


Thermal insulation causes a decrease in the temperature of the internal wall surface.

The decrease in fuel consumption in thermally protected buildings have positive ecological effects. With the consumption of non-renewable energy resources reduced, less CO2 emissions are released which are responsible for the greenhouse effect of global warming. Terraco EIFS provides the solution - Save energy. Save money!

In many countries where EIFS is used, the drive towards energy efficiency in buildings is legislation driven. All buildings have to have an Energy Rating Certificate which will classify it according to its energy efficiency. This certificate must be shown to a new purchaser prior to making an offer, hence it will have a direct effect on the price.

In Europe, as per the KYOTO Protocol, there is strict control on U-Values for all new building permits. Many of these countries also have various financial incentive schemes in place to improve energy efficiency of existing houses. As a result, these incentive schemes have resulted in a huge growth in the EIFS renovation market throughout the colder areas of Europe.



What is the difference between Stucco and EIFS / ETICS?

While similar in appearance to stucco (or conventional rendered plaster), EIFS / ETICS is an exterior wall cladding system that consists of components and installation requirements very different from traditional stucco. EIFS / ETICS also requires very different care and maintenance than its "look-alike" cousin, traditional EIFS stucco.

To function properly, EIFS / ETICS needs to be architecturally designed and installed as a system by trained applicators.

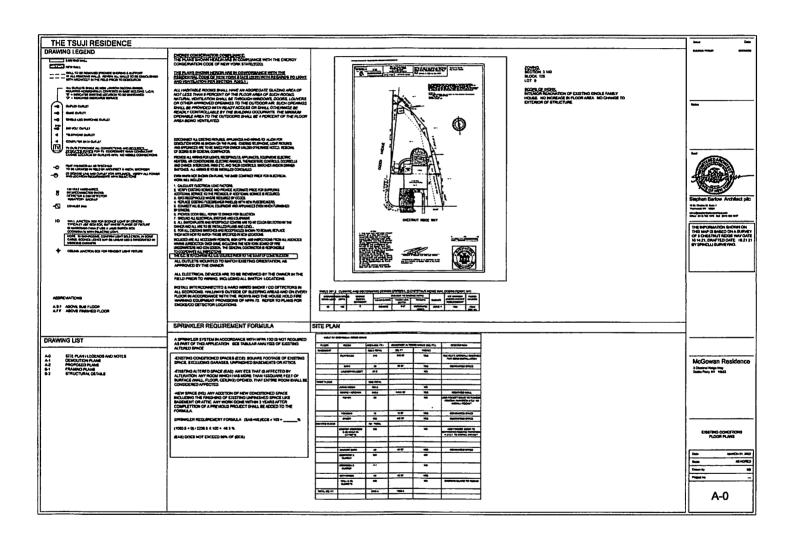
EIFS / ETICS Components

While giving the appearance of stucco (or conventional rendered plaster), EIFS / ETICS is actually a multi-layered wall system that consists of the following components:

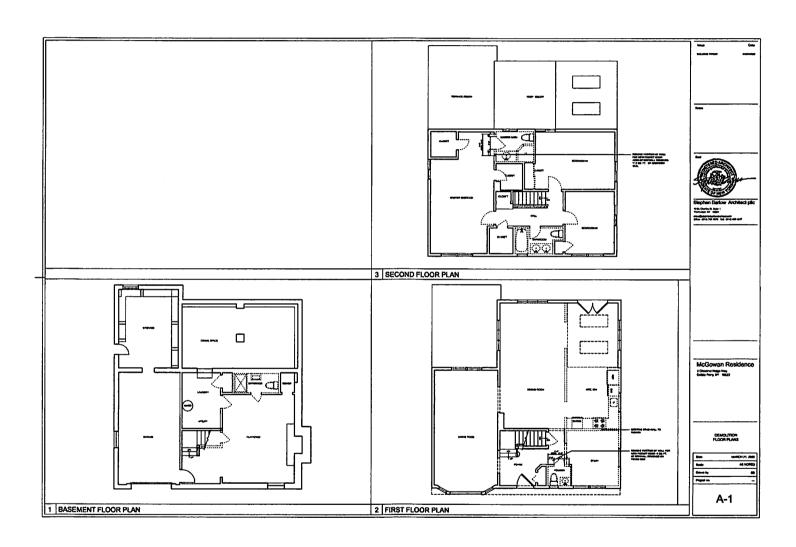
- Adhesive Used to "glue" the insulation board to the exterior wall surface.
- Insulation Board Made of polystyrene or mineral wool which is secured to the exterior wall surface.
- Mechanical Fasteners Used to fasten the Insulation Board to the exterior wall surface.
- Base Coat Applied on top of the insulation and reinforced with EIFS glass fibre mesh.
- Finish Coat Applied on top of the primed base coat giving a decorative, durable, crack-resistant finish.

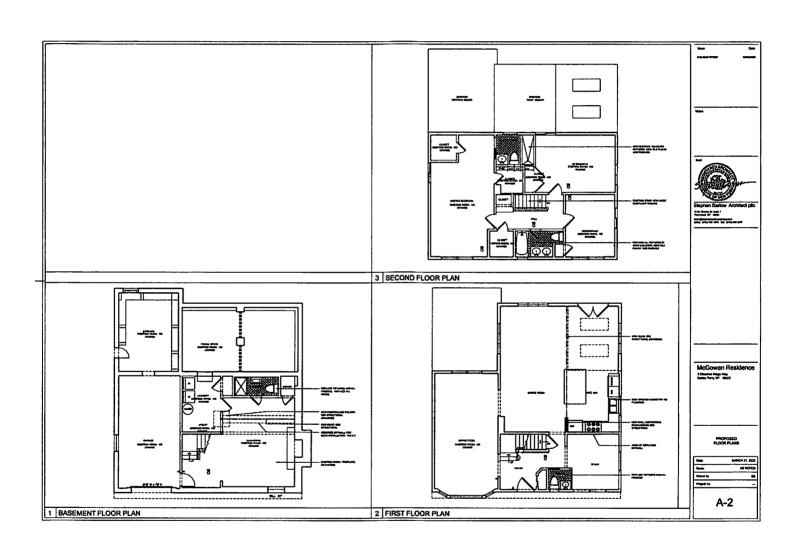
The History of Terraco EIFS / ETICS

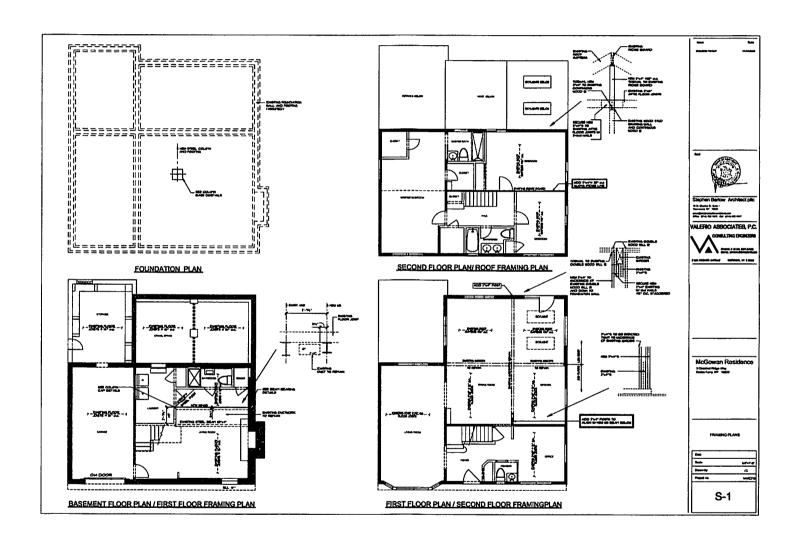
Terraco first launched its EIFS / ETICS systems in Turkey and Korea in the 1980s, which was then expanded to Russia, China and the Middle East during the 1990s. Today Terraco offers 3 different EIFS /ETICS systems – EIFS Alpha, EIFS Polar and EIFS Perma – the difference being the type of insulation materials used in each system. Terraco also offers a system for insulated concrete form - ICF Zenith.

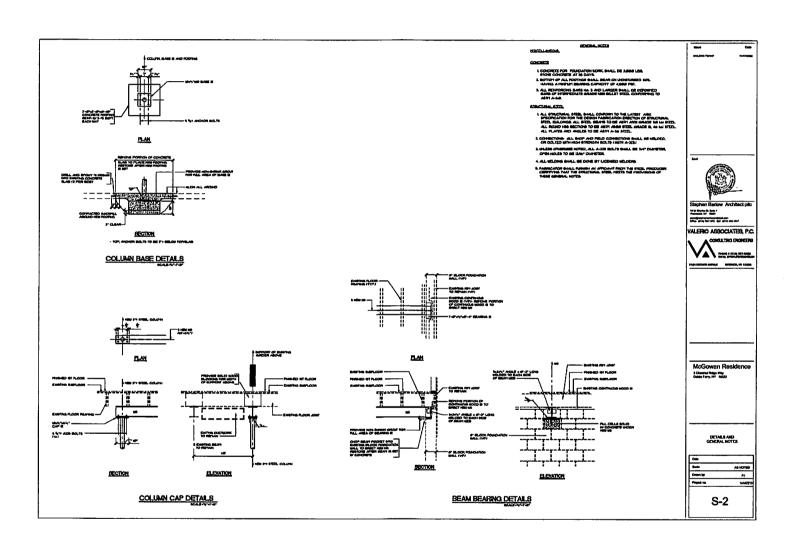


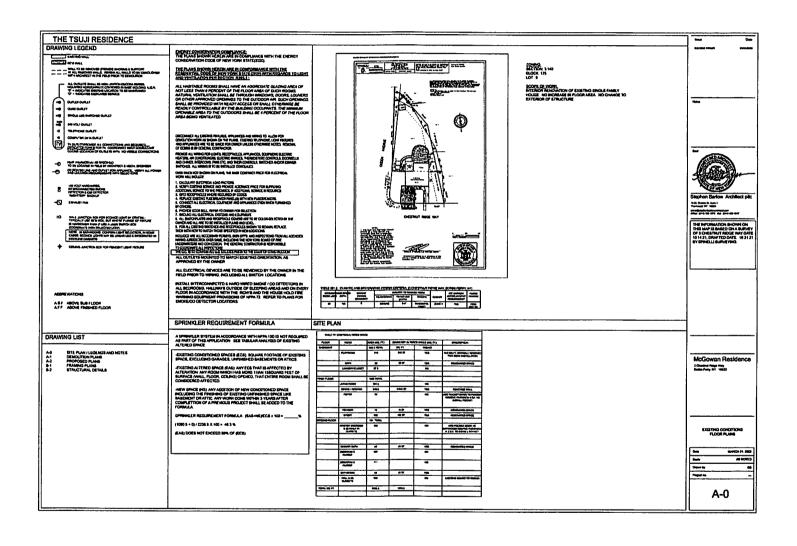
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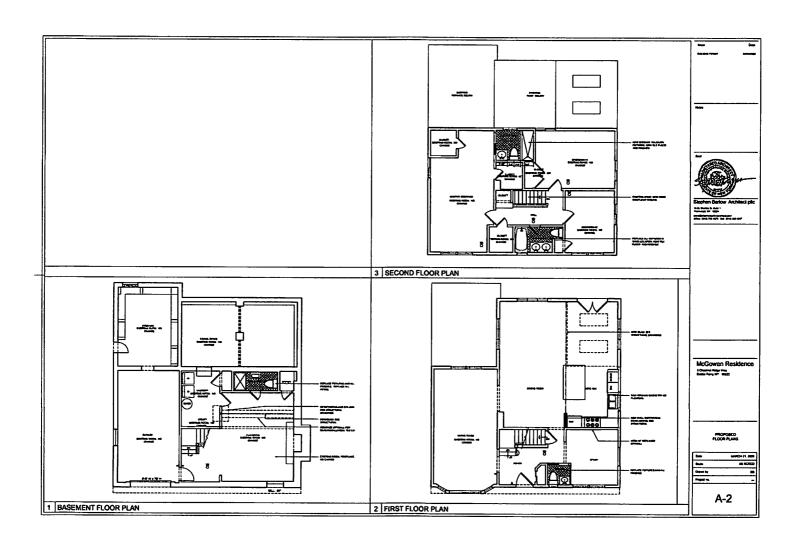


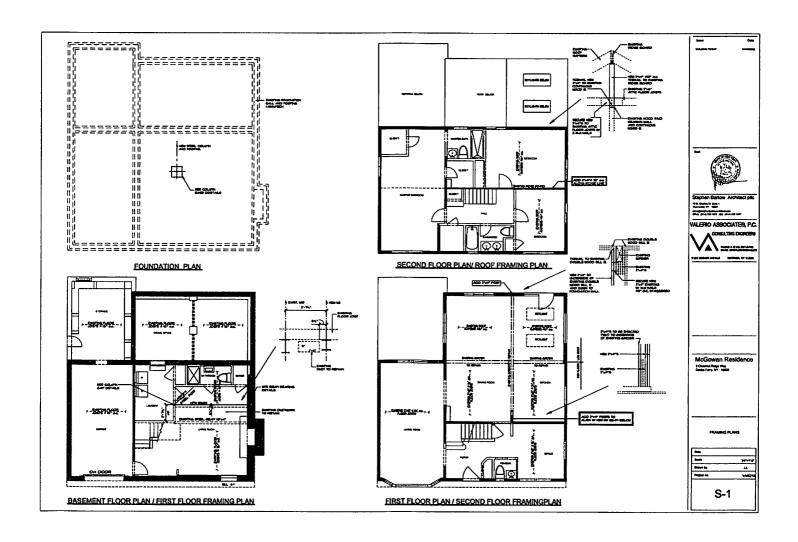


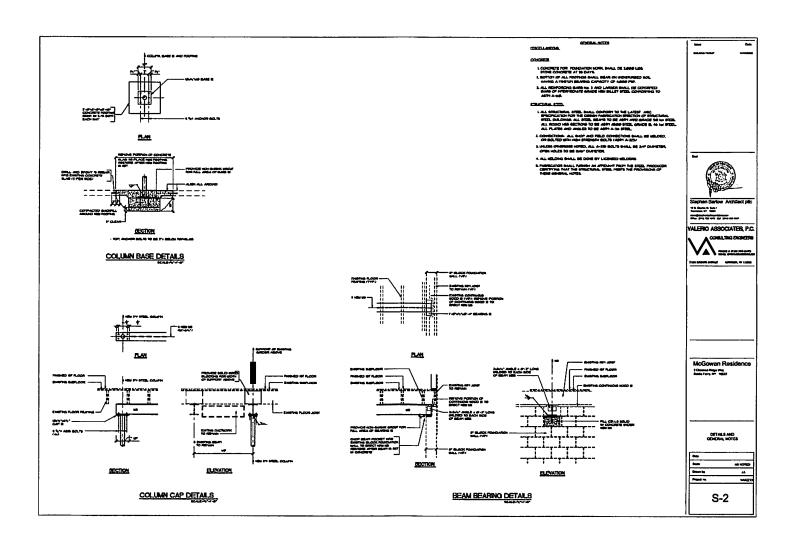


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